

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—San Francisco and vicinity: Fair tonight and Sunday. Fresh west wind. Northern California: Fair tonight and Sunday, cooler in Sacramento Valley. Southern California: Fair tonight and Sunday except cloudy along coast tonight.

## ROBBED OF HER MIND AND MONEY

**Sad Ending of  
Mrs. Harriet  
Hawley.**

**The Poor Woman Now  
Sleeps in Mountain  
View.**

This morning, after a troubled life of many years, Mrs. Harriet Hawley found peace in the grave in one of the most beautiful sections of Mountain View Cemetery.

The last ten years of her existence were passed in utter oblivion, because the end of an unprincipled trick had robbed her of her mental faculties, and the end came in the Home at Stockton where the State has provided for the care of its unfortunate children.

The relatives of the late Mrs. Hawley, who passed away about fifteen years ago and whose death was the starting point of the wrongs which eventually landed her so to speak, to a living tomb.

When Mrs. Hawley's husband died, the widow came into a fortune of at least \$50,000. A few years later that estate had disappeared, with the exception of the homestead, which is located in the city of San Francisco, in the neighborhood of Seventeenth avenue and East Fourteenth street. The funds had been dissipated, the securities had been hypothecated, and when they could not be raised and the reality had slipped from her grasp, all through the act of an attorney of San Francisco, known by the sobriquet of "Honey" Johnson.

The husband of Mrs. Hawley was a grocer in San Francisco and there acquired a considerable fortune. He had entrusted his legal work to Hall, who at the time was the senior member of the most respected law firms of the metropolis.

Hawley trusted Hall implicitly, and when he died, it was but natural that the widow should look to the same lawyer who had enjoyed the confidence of her husband.

She trusted and lost. She believed herself wealthy, but her eyes were opened to the reality that she was well nigh a pauper.

The discovery was made too late. The facts were buried already. The law was too slow to apprehend Hall. The wily barrister, however, knew what was coming and disappeared. His papers, books and methods were looked for, but he had fled to the city of the future, where he had been subjected to the robbery to which he had subjected the widow, but bolder in degree than that which he had for years been practicing upon the widow.

Then it was that, after struggling for years in fear and uncertainty as to the whereabouts of her property, the widow was compelled to allow herself to be considerably committed to the care of others.

It was reported, according to one story, that Hall had gone to South Africa, where he prospered. Another story, and a later one, is to the effect that he had his victim's money in face in California, the attorney having passed away some time ago. There are few rumors in his behalf, however, from friends of that victim ascending to the Great White Throne.

In the obscurity to lay the secret slanders was employed. They were artfully colored by a few friends who professedly sympathized with and grieved for the unhappy ending of a life that should have been full of cheer and sunshine.

Mrs. Hawley was originally Harriet B. Kimball of Rhode Island, where she was born of years ago. She was married in San Francisco in 1841 and her married life was passed there before removing to this city. One child, a daughter, survives, married and residing in Santa Cruz. While a resident of this city, Mrs. Hawley was charitable without ostentation, liberal without extravagance and sympathetic without lack of judgment. For some she served as a director of the Ladies Relief Society, which for years has maintained the Home for Aged Women and the adjoining orphanage in Tennessee. While so associated her time and means were at the disposal of the society. Her story is recorded by her friends with sadness for herself and execration for the man who blighted the last years of her life.

**UNFOLDING THE  
ANARCHIST PLOT.**

**Another Accomplice of  
Regicide Bresci  
Is Known.**

**ITALY'S NEW KING  
THANKS M'KINLEY.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The King of Italy has sent the following message to President McKinley:

"MONZA, Italy, Aug. 4.—To His Excellency, William McKinley, Washington: I heartily thank Your Excellency and the great American people, who in sharing my grief and that of my country, have strengthened the old bonds of friendship existing between them."

"VICTOR EMANUEL."

## MENACED BY THE RUSSIANS.

**Czar's Troops Marching to  
Strike Peking From  
the North.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—There is a renewal of the rumor that something is occurring at Shan Kuan at the eastern end of the great wall, which will surprise the Chinese. There is a fine military road from this point to Peking over high and dry ground, and although the distance is nearly twice that from Tien Tsin to Peking, its physical advantages may make this route practically much shorter in point of time.

It is believed here that a strong Russian column either has been or will be landed at that point to converge on Peking simultaneously with the international column, thus dividing the Chinese opposing forces.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Taken in connection with what has preceded them, today's cablegrams from China place the Chinese government in the unique position of denying responsibility for what Chinese troops have done at Peking, while assuming responsibility for what they are now doing in the neighborhood of Tien Tsin.

The point sought to be made diplomatically is regarded here as of the utmost importance in the Chinese settlement. The Tsung Li Yamen's polite intimation that it is inexpedient to allow communication between our government and its Minister, because fighting is going on near Tien Tsin, leaves little doubt as to who is responsible for the resistance being offered to the progress of the international forces.

The Emperor himself, by edict, already has indicated that, while reparation might be afforded the powers for injuries sustained by their citizens before the attack on the Taku forts, the Chinese government will not assume responsibility for what has happened or what will happen as a result of the military operations following that event.

Of course, this notice from the Tsung Li Yamen can be construed as an answer to Secretary Hay's demand upon Li Hung Chang that free communication be opened with the Ministers at Peking and their own governments, and in consequence the negotiations which were about to be instituted had

(Continued on Page 2)

## DISASTER FOR OUR SOLDIERS.

**A Corps Wiped  
Out By Luzon  
Rebels.**

**Engineers and Escort  
Killed, Wounded or  
Captured.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The first serious check which the American troops have met in the Philippines during the past two months is recorded in a dispatch received this morning from General MacArthur.

It is assumed that the little American command which suffered so severely was completely trapped and was obliged to surrender or be exterminated. The message is as follows:

"MANILA, Aug. 4.—Adjutant-General, Washington: First Lieutenant Alstaeter, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., with escort fifteen men attacked August 1st, road between San Miguel de Maying (Luzon) and San Isidro (Luzon) by armed band insurgents, reported 350 strong. Entire party killed, wounded or captured.

"Killed: Troop H, Fourth Cavalry, Richard Diebler.

"Wounded: Charles M. Newman, arm, serious; Walter Brewer, wounded in arm, serious.

"Company A, Battalion of Engineers, U. S. A., Edward Long, wounded in abdomen, serious.

"Captured: Lieutenant Alstaeter, Company A, Battalion of Engineers; Henry T. Gresham, Troop H, Fourth Cavalry; Arthur Bates, Charles J. Fuchsinger, Edward J. Cromer, Geo. K. Naub, William J. Gerrity, John Coughlin, Robert F. Taylor, Joseph E. Mealey.

"Wounded sent San Isidro with note from Lucena Maraimo, announcing prisoners would be well treated.

"MACARTHUR."

**LIEUT. MARTIN  
IS DISGRACED.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Second Lieutenant E. H. Martin, Fifth Artillery, has been dismissed by direction of the President, in conformity with the sentence of a general court-martial by which he was convicted of making false, fictitious and fraudulent statements of claims and receipts in the accounts of the post exchange at Fort Hancock, N. Y.

## OLD CHARTER IS WORN OUT.

**The Greater Oakland Needs  
an Entirely New Organic  
Law.**

**EX-MAYOR CHAPMAN FOR NEW CHARTER.**

FREEDOMER'S charters derive their authority from the Constitution, therefore the Constitution and the charter should harmonize.

Our present charter, in many respects, conflicted with the Constitution, and the result was that the charter was severely shattered when first put into operation. The Oakland charter was adopted eleven years ago; since that time numerous amendments have been made to the Constitution, greatly enlarging the powers of municipalities.

We should now have a new charter framed in the light of the Constitution as it now stands, that we may take advantage of the benefits conferred by these amendments. In such case we should be enabled to conduct our own business and control our own affairs without interference on the part of the Legislature. We are better informed as to our needs and necessities than is the State at large, and should govern our internal affairs independent of general laws. The provisions of such a charter would not be eaten away, as they now are, by conflicting general laws, and the principle of local self government in municipal affairs would be established upon a better and firmer foundation than ever before in the history of this city.

There is no use in attempting to amend the charter of Oakland, for it would be a very difficult task to blend the new with the old—the old being out of date and scarcely worthy of preservation. Again, the cost of amending the charter would probably equal the cost of a new one, and the result would prove unsatisfactory.

The old charter is too long. The importance of Oakland and the necessities of the case would scarcely seem to require that our charter should be of greater length than the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of California combined, but such is the case.

Ordinarily, the more voluminous the charter the greater the number of its ambiguities and uncertainties, and in these our present charter abounds. A simple, clear, unambiguous and explicit organic law, clearly following the terms and provisions of the Constitution, could, I think, be compressed within one-eighth of the space devoted to our present charter, and yet be amply sufficient to meet every requirement of the city.

M. C. CHAPMAN.

**GIRARD IS FOR PROGRESS.**

COUNCILMAN GIRARD expressed himself in favor of the adoption of a new charter for this city, as follows: "I am in favor of a new charter because I believe fifteen level-headed freeholders are more capable of framing a new charter for this city than we Councilmen. There are now many charters which they can take points from.

"I am in favor of a new charter because we cannot own our water supply or our electric light service without having some changes in the charter.

"The present charter was all right ten years ago, but it has outlived its usefulness. It is like an old house. No matter how much you patch it up, it is never as satisfactory as it would be to have a new one.

"I believe a charter election will cost the city but a few thousand dollars more than the amendments would.

"If we can't get a charter, I will take the next best thing, the amendments.

"The great point with me is the taking of the Board of Public Works and the Fire and Police Commission out of politics and having the members elected. The City Engineer now audits his own bills. The City Attorney asks himself for an opinion.

"There ought to be more than seven wards—a few more wards. Councilmen should be voted for at large and there should be one from each ward.

"I believe the city can be run under the one dollar tax limit, if we were economical and did not have so many drones in the City Hall. I would have the salary of the head of every department reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,000.

"If a city officer violates the charter now you can't impeach him. Every elected officer ought to place his resignation in the hands of a committee of citizens to be accepted in the event of a majority of the people deciding that he had not done his duty.

"The salary of Councilmen should be raised to a reasonable amount and they should give their whole time to the work.

"The present charter is full of features that are inoperative or of no use. If there were only three or four of them it would be all right, but they are on every page."

**ROWE FOR A NEW CHARTER.**

COUNCILMAN ROWE says of the proposed new charter: "I have always been of the opinion that a new charter is a necessity. Of course, it may somewhat improve matters to put a patch here and there, on the present charter, but such procedure cannot bring about any permanent improvement, and is as likely to create as many obstructions and abuses as it would abolish. The experience of the past two years has shown very plainly that there must be a new system of assessing the city and of raising a sufficient income. The dollar tax is enough for government, but it is not sufficient for any of the permanent public improvements such as a rapidly growing city needs. As things are now, the county assessment roll and the dollar-limit clause in the charter establish the city's income and take the matter entirely out of the hands of the City Assessor and the City Council. This is surely wrong.

"But this is only one of many faults to be found in the present charter. There are so many things to be adjusted that it is a hopeless task to attempt it. An intelligent board of freeholders could frame a charter that would work in unison with itself, and which would make impossible all the petty jealousies and all the friction that has been so common for some years past. By all means let us have a new charter. I feel very much gratified that public opinion has so fully endorsed the position I have taken from the very first in this very important matter."

**VIEWS OF FELTON TAYLOR.**

COUNCILMAN FELTON TAYLOR thus voices his views: "I have never favored amending the city charter, and I intend to vote against the amendments when they come up for final passage. What we want is a charter that will hang together

(Continued on Page 5.)

## REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE IN SESSION.

**Met to Consider  
Call for the  
Primaries.**

**State Committee Will  
Probably Take the  
Lead.**

There was a call for a meeting of the Republican County Central Committee at 2 o'clock this afternoon in Judge Quinn's court-room, but some time elapsed after that hour before the organization was called to order.

The members were slow in putting in an appearance. The members who appeared early discussed with their friends the advisability of taking any action to call a new county convention until after the Republican State Central Committee had passed upon the subject for the government of the party all over the State.

The State Committee, it was known, was called to meet in San Francisco at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

According to the members increased in number the sentiment prevailed that the action of the State Central Committee with respect to county convention (Continued on Page 5)

**GRAND AUCTION SALE.**

Of the almost complete, complete, upright piano, etc., of No. 101 Eleventh street, corner Eleventh and St. Oakland. Sale Tuesday, August 7, at 11 A. M. comprising in part: One Steinway & Hyde upright piano, new old pieces of parlor furniture, bedsteads and reception chairs, bed lamp, pictures, one massive carved oak excursion table, elegant leather seat dining chairs and side-board to match, one sewing machine (high arm), refrigerator, two oak box on casters, pair mattress, bed linen, dining set, one Brunswick range, Brussels carpets, elegant large curtains, carpets, crockery, glass and silver ware.

All the furniture in this home is the same as new. House to rent.

J. A. MENING & CO., Auctioneers, 129 Park street, Alameda.



**Not only in the cars**

but everywhere, you will find people using glasses that are perfectly fitted by

F. W. LAUFER, Scientific Optician, 1001 Washington Street, Oakland. Call and see him. Consultation Free.

**SEWING MACHINES.** All kinds sold on installment. Repairs or rented at \$2.00 per month. General repairing at lowest rates.

**E. L. SARGEANT**, 464 Twelfth Street, Between Broadway and Washington.

**PAINT.**

Your FLOORS STEPS or PORCHES in your spare time with the

**BUSWELL PAINTS**. Dries hard over night. Cost less—Wears best.

**BUSWELL PAINT CO.** MANUFACTURERS, S. E. Cor. Fourth and Broadway, OAKLAND.

**\$6000**. Finest Buy in Oakland. New Modern Home. Nine Rooms. Bath. Very Fine, Large Lot. RIGHT IN TOWN.

**WILLIAM J. DINGEE**, 903 BROADWAY, OAKLAND.



**Royal Baking Powder** is the greatest of helps to the housekeeper or cook in preparing the best and finest food.

With least labor and trouble it makes hot breads, biscuit and cake of finest flavor, light, sweet, appetizing, digestible and wholesome.

Do not permit the grocer or peddler to substitute any other brand in place of the Royal.

Some baking powders are claimed to be cheaper. They can be cheaper only if made from cheaper materials. "Cheaper" means inferior. To cheapen the cost of an article of food at the expense of its healthfulness, as is done in alum baking powders, is a crime.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.



# MET DEATH IN AN EXPLOSION.

## Twenty Lives Lost By Blowing Up of a Dredge Boat in Tampa Bay.

TAMPA, Fla., Aug. 4.—Dredge boat No. 2 blew up in the middle of Tampa Bay about 7 o'clock this morning. There were twenty people aboard and it is feared that all or many have perished.

The dredge drew thirty feet of water and could not have been towed close enough to shore to allow the men to swim.

\*\*\*\*\*

# MENACED BY BY RUSSIANS

(Continued From Page 1.)

With General Chaffee and that he is getting into greater difficulties than he has been expected in getting his troops disbanded and ready for the start to ward Peking. But the War Department is giving him unlimited power in the matter of financial resources and is also doing all it can to help him in this end.

# EXPECT BATTLE WITH ENEMY TOMORROW.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Nothing direct from the allies operating beyond Tien Tsin is to hand, but a news agency dispatch from Shanghai today says a battle is expected Sunday with General Ma's 10,000 Chinese at Yang Tse.

The Russian and French contingents according to the dispatch are guarding the communications of the Americans, British and Japanese, who form the advance column.

A dispatch dated Tien Tsin, Friday, July 27th, says another dispatch from the British Minister at Peking, Sir Claude MacDonnell, has been received, duplicating in part one sent by a different route, but adding the military information that the British, American, Russian and German Legations, July 21st had previously been notified for fourteen days, and that ammunition was short.

The Ministers had again rejected the proposal of the Chinese Government that they leave Peking under escort of Chinese troops. Another courier from the Japanese Legation brings a dispatch dated July 23d, saying that but five days' provisions were left and twenty-five rounds for each man.

The British Consul, Mr. Fraser, and the foreign community are leaving Chung King province of Sze Chuan, in consequence of an official warning from Shanghai.

There is no trouble in the Yang Tse now, or in any part of Sze Chuan, but disturbances are expected when the allies reach Peking.

# RUSSIANS TAKE A TOWN IN THE AMUR DISTRICT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—General Grodekoff has sent the following dispatch to the War Office:

"KHARABOVSK, Aug. 3.—Two columns from the Chinese crossed over the Amur river at 3 A. M. under Colonel Scherbinin and Scherbinoff, attacked the Chinese troops and took the town of Sakhalin, one gun and a quantity of Mauser cartridges. The steamer Olga suffered severely from rifle fire. The trans-Siberian detachment under Colonel Potemkin bombarded Aigun with twelve mortars, and the Chinese replied. One officer and five men were killed and fifteen men were wounded. Four armored steamers are patrolling the Amur."

A telegram received here today from Engineer Offenbach, dated Kwantung, Kwantung, in the trans-Baikal province, Wednesday, August 3, says:

"In the district to the frontier, the agents, workmen and guards were surprised and bombarded by Chinese in the Chingan passes. Three guards and one workman were killed and twenty workmen fled to the mountains, none of whom have returned."

# CHINESE TROOPS AT CANTON HAVE JOINED BOXERS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—A dispatch from Shanghai dated Thursday, August 3, received here today, dated July 27, says that Chinese troops joined the Boxers. The dispatch adds that the provisional troops along the Yang Tse river are ordered to the province of the Viceroy of Nankin to the foreign Consuls.

The Boxers, it is further stated in this dispatch, are under no misapprehension in South China, but are not disturbing treaty ports. Troops are being secretly brought to treaty ports.

The dispatch says, "The Boxers are being created at Wu Sung, and are being created at Wu Sung, and are being created at Wu Sung."

# BRITISH TROOPS TO KEEP ORDER IN YANG TSE VALLEY.

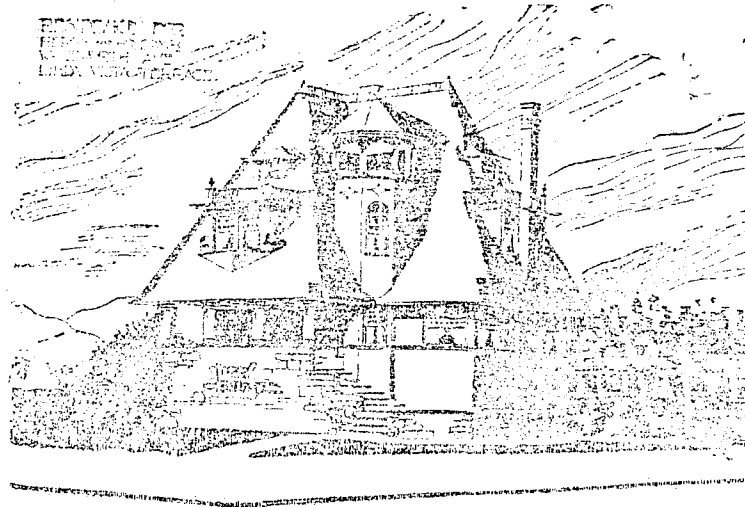
LONDON, Aug. 4.—Admiral Seymour telegraphed to the Admiralty today that he had seen the Viceroy of Kankin, Aug. 2d, that the Viceroy was very friendly and seemed anxious to maintain peace in the Yang Tse valley, and had agreed to the landing of a force of 5,000 British troops for the defense of Shanghai.

The Viceroy returned the Admiral's visit the next day and renewed his assurances of friendship. An agreement was arrived at for maintaining order in the Yang Tse valley.

# NO CIPHER TELEGRAMS CAN REACH PEKING.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The State De-

# Residence of John A. Britton, Linda Vista.



This handsome house shown above, situated on Walsworth avenue, Linda Vista Terrace, was purchased this week by Mr. Britton of the Gas Company. The architectural features of the exterior are the long and deep veranda extending across the entire front, the foundation of blinder brick extending up to the sill course, and the conning tower, nestling in the angle of the main building. From this tower, open on the third story, a magnificent and unobstructed marine view is to be obtained.

The features of the interior finish are the paneling in curly redwood in the ceiling of the reception hall and living room, the wainscoting in Douglas fir, and the mantel and sideboard built into the dining room and finished to correspond with the general finish of the house and the elaborate finish around all openings in the principal apartments. This is the house which has been described during the past week in the local columns of this paper, and will be occupied by Mr. Britton and his family during the present month.

# GEN. MULLER SENIOR OFFICER.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Aug. 4.—The Rees today states that Adjutant-General Semmes, in receipt of an opinion from Attorney-General Ford in which the latter holds that Brigadier-General M. W. Muller of Fresno, commanding the Third Brigade, National Guard of California, is senior to Brigadier-General R. H. Warfield of San Francisco, commanding the Second Brigade.

Leave of absence with permission to leave the State was granted during the incumbency of Adjutant-General Barlett to the latter's department for the East. General Muller assumed command of the division by virtue of his commission, which gave him rank from November 16, 1897. Warfield was also a Brigadier-General at the time of General Barlett's departure.

All the Brigade Generals were placed on the retired list on May 22, 1897, which was incidental to the reorganization of the National Guard. The law provided that they should retain their original rank, which in Muller's case would date from November 16, 1897. On May 3, 1897, Warfield was appointed with rank from that date. On October 8th of the same year General Muller was again commissioned with rank from 1897, when he was first appointed. The Senate confirmed the appointments on March 5, 1897.

Fitzgerald's opinion was rendered after Muller assumed command of the division and before the Senate confirmed the appointments. In his opinion Fitzgerald held that the subsequent appointment of General Muller to command the Third Brigade was not in the nature of a reappointment or reinstatement as Brigadier-General, but was in effect an original appointment to that rank and could not therefore affect the relative positions of Muller and General Warfield, and that portion of General Muller's commission which provides that he should rank from November 16, 1897, was not authorized by any law of this State or any regulation of the National Guard and was for that reason surplusage.

Attorney-General Ford, by his deputy, W. M. Abbott, holds view contrary to those expressed by Fitzgerald, and bases his opinion on portions of the military law and the rules and regulations governing the National Guard. He also refers to the action of the Senate in confirming the appointments of Muller and Warfield, Muller's new commission giving him rank from November 16, 1897, at the time he was confirmed.

# DESPERADOES ARE DEFIANT.

PHOENIX, Arizona, Aug. 4.—The band of desperadoes in southeastern Arizona are displaying nothing but contempt for the police force and the military. Communications received by the Graham and Cochise county authorities from the bandits state that the latter have no fear of the police. A band of horse thieves is operating through the western part of Graham county, and have stolen twenty or thirty horses, one of them belonging to the Sheriff of that county.

A man named Herling and his wife, on route on horseback from their ranch near Dudleyville, to visit a neighbor, were ambushed at the point of revolvers, by a party of five men, who appropriated Herling's horse, but politely left Mrs. Herling her own. A posse was gotten together Tuesday and is still on the trail of the bandits.

# RIEFS FIRST UNDER THE WIRE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The first day's racing at Alexandra Park today was won by Richard Croker's Merril, ridden by J. Reiff. Quick dispatch ridden by Reiff, came in second.

The juvenile Selling Plate of 100 pounds was won by Yellow Bird, J. Reiff having the mount. Off Chance was third with J. Reiff.

# CONFLAGRATION SWEEPS ASHLAND.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ASHLAND, Wis., Aug. 4.—At 1 o'clock a fire started in one of the lumber yards at York & Stearns' mill. It spread to the Keystone Lumber Company's mill, the yard sweeping a mile along the bay, and ward of 25,000 worth of lumber was destroyed. The fire was gotten under control by the fire department. The fire was caused by a spark from a saw.

# ETHELBERT THE WINNER OF THE BRIGHTON CUP.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The Brighton cup was won easily by Ethelbert by one length, Imp second, Sidney Lucas third. Time, 3:19 1/2.

# BRITISH BONDS IN BIG DEMAND.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—So great was the demand for the new British war loan that before 1 o'clock this morning one of the United States agents announced that subscriptions already received would double for half of the entire 100,000,000 pounds issued. Another of the New York banking houses wired in yesterday's Bank of England circular announcing that it was ready to take all of the bonds if there was any likelihood of such a proposition being entertained abroad. Today's subscriptions came from insurance companies, corporations and several holders anxious to exchange United States Government bonds for the new loan on account of the higher insurance rate of the English loan.

# SHAH'S ESCAPE FROM DEATH A NARROW ONE.

Saison Had Filled His Pistol Hammer Too Fine.

Admits Trying to Kill an Ex-President of France.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—Today's headlines have chronicled the escape of the Shah of Persia, the would-be assassin of the Shah of Persia.

It is said that Saison's army record was most conspicuous after the death of his father he was sent from the army and became a member of the Chamber of Deputies. During the military campaign he made an effort to assassinate the former President of the French Republic, M. Combes. He did not succeed, but when he was shot he was not killed. He was shot in the arm and the pistol missed and no one observed his escape. Saison, it is said, was not a member of the Chamber of Deputies, but he was a member of the army.

The admitted that he pulled the trigger of his pistol at the time of his attack on the Shah, but in this case again he was not killed. He was shot in the arm and the pistol missed and no one observed his escape. Saison, it is said, was not a member of the Chamber of Deputies, but he was a member of the army.

Saison's former employer states that he was a model workman, that he never made a mistake, and that one day he was shot in the arm and the pistol missed and no one observed his escape. Saison, it is said, was not a member of the Chamber of Deputies, but he was a member of the army.

A special dispatch received here today from Madrid, Spain, says that the Spanish minister, Senor Sainza Valda, has taken the initiative looking toward an international conference for the suppression of anarchy. The Spanish minister has decided to apply rigorously the laws against anarchy.

# ELMHURST IS FOR METCALF.

There was a meeting of the Republican Club in Elmhurst last night, at which a number of other things were discussed. The club was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Elmhurst.

Which was seconded by Mr. Metcalf, during his first term as a member of Congress has proved a member of the club. He has proved a member of the club.

Mr. Metcalf has proved a member of the club. He has proved a member of the club.

Mr. Metcalf has proved a member of the club. He has proved a member of the club.

Mr. Metcalf has proved a member of the club. He has proved a member of the club.

# COLONEL MUSE TO BE RETIRED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Colonel William M. Muse of the United States Marine Corps at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., has been ordered to retire.

The retirement will become effective on the 1st of September. Colonel Muse has been in the service of the United States Marine Corps for many years.

# COURTNEY NAMED FOR ASSEMBLY.

One of the latest candidates for the Assembly in the Republican line is Mr. W. Courtney, who will make the race in the Fourth Assembly District. He is one of the best known men in the district, and should make a strong showing.

# WU JOINS HIS FAMILY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Minister Wu left today for Cape May to spend a day or two with his family.

# Dr. Porter Ill.

Dr. W. S. Porter is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning at his house.

# VIN MARIANI

Mariani Wine—World Famous Tonic

It is found especially useful in Nervous Troubles, Debility, Indigestion, Anemia, Loss of Sleep, Consumption, Overwork, Indigestion, La Grippe, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Tendency to Epilepsy, Loss of Mental Power, Impaired Memory, Throat and Lung Troubles, Sea-Sickness, All Wasting Diseases and After-Fevers.

Sold by all Druggists. Refuse Substitutes.

# INDICTED ON A GRAVE CHARGE.

Prominent Chicagoan Embezzler of a Big Sum.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—The grand jury today voted a true bill against John H. Smith, a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, charging him with fraudulent methods in the management of the Chicago Board of Trade.

Smith, who is a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, is charged with embezzling a sum of \$100,000 from the board. He is charged with using the money for his own private purposes.

Smith is charged with using the money for his own private purposes. He is charged with using the money for his own private purposes.

Smith is charged with using the money for his own private purposes. He is charged with using the money for his own private purposes.

# REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE IN SESSION.

(Continued From Page 1.)

There were present in the room Councilmen Rowe and Taylor, Judge Quinn, John Trotter, M. C. Chapman, E. Warren, T. O'Donnell, ex-Judge Clift, William Keating, Judge Edgar, A. Mendell, Supervisor Mitchell, Stuart Booth, Jack Cook, J. Stryker, Supervisor Keith and many others.

Of the committee there were present: W. W. Morrison of the First Ward, A. H. Reed of the Second, George E. Randolph of the Third, R. C. Potts of the Fourth, Clarence C. Crowell of the Fifth, Frank Barnett of the Sixth, W. B. Pringle of the Seventh, J. B. Lankford, Alameda; Judge Nussbaum, Judge Ewing, Thomas Denny, J. Geary of Contra Costa, Red Church, George Wales, T. T. Dargie, Dr. Pierce, Ralph Bromley, William Hawken, T. E. Knox, Murray, H. E. Bruner, Edger, J. G. Mutton, Centerville; J. H. Riley, Brooklyn; George D. Metcalf, Oakland.

The committee was called to order at 2:30 o'clock by Chairman Reed. Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

Mr. Reed said that the committee was organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the Republican party in Alameda.

# NO REGISTERED LETTERS STOLEN.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Chief Inspector King of this division of the Postal Service today issued a story of a mysterious theft of registered letters. He said: "No registered letters have been stolen and there is not \$25.00 missing."

# Schooner Sunk in Collision.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PORT HURON, Mich., Aug. 4.—Early today the schooner San Diego in tow of the steamer Appomattox collided with the schooner Panama, just above Port Huron, and the Panama sank immediately with one of her crew, John McFarlane of Pittsburgh. Mistaken signals caused the collision.

# THIS THE ELECTRICAL AGE.

# TRAINLOAD OF ARMY SUPPLIES.

Fifty Cars of Arms and Ammunition Reach West Oakland.

That these supplies business in the West is a fact is evidenced from the fact that the supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.

The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West. The supplies are being sent in trainloads to the West.















Weddings      \*      Receptions      \*      Luncheons

## Receptions ☆ Luncheons ☆

Never fails to restore  
Hair to its Youthful Color  
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling  
40c. and \$1.00 at Druggists







# STATE AND LOCAL POLITICS AS SEEN FROM THE INSIDE.

(Special to The Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—It would be hard to find a greater enthusiast over the prospects of Republican success this fall than is Major Frank McLaughlin, ex-chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. Although he has been on the sick list for the past couple of months, he has been keeping close track of the political developments from the standpoint of an onlooker, for, as the Major declares with great positiveness, he is out of politics altogether, reserving the right, however, to cross the threshold again should any of his friends like Senator George Perkins need his services.

"The State is absolutely for McKinley and Roosevelt," he said to your correspondent while chatting in the Palace Hotel lobby this week preparatory to his departure for his home in Santa Cruz, "and nothing but the most ardent treachery could lose it to the Republican party. However, I do not think there is such a thing as a yellow dog year, and it behooves every good Republican to work as hard and as earnestly as if the fight were an uphill one of the worst kind. The committee work is being well handled, and as that body is composed of first-class men it will obtain the confidence of the people in its direction of party affairs. With the right kind of interest taken in the campaign, which I trust will be an energetic one from every standpoint, I firmly believe that the State will declare itself for the Republicans by an overwhelming majority."

"The Congressional contests seem to be in excellent shape. The Republicans are certain of six districts, and though in my opinion the fight in the Second will be a hard one, I think we have a good chance of carrying it. For my part, I hope that most of the present members will be returned; we want men at Washington like Kahn, Metcalf, Needham—in fact, all of them. It would be nothing less than a grave political blunder and the worst kind of one not to return Lord to Congress. Why? Well, he has the prestige and influence attached to a man who has served several terms, and furthermore he is deserving from the standpoint of his unswerving integrity and devotion to his duties. He holds the respect and esteem of the foremost men in the Senate and House. He is a man who truckles to no one and in his instance it should really be a case of the office seeking the man."

The Major declined to discuss personal preferences as to any other offices about to come before the people, excusing himself on the grounds of his withdrawal from the active political arena. On the subject of the succession to the Senatorship, though he quickly warmed up and it was easy to see that he considers Senator Perkins should be elected for another term. "I believe him to be the best Senator that ever represented California at Washington," he said in conclusion as he turned to greet Col. Preston and a few other statesmen who came strolling in at that time.

## AT REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

Upstairs, in the Republican headquarters, the scene was a lively one, as indeed it has been ever since the Supreme Court handed down its decision regarding the primary law. While it cannot have been considered a surprise, at the same time all the preparations had been made on the basis that the law would be sustained, and in consequence most of the work will have to be done over again.

There is indeed a possibility that the State Convention at Santa Cruz on August 28th will be postponed, though that matter will be decided at the meeting of the State Central Committee that is in progress this afternoon. The important question being considered is as to whether the call shall be for election by primaries or appointment. Much diversity of opinion is expressed, but it looks as if the primary has a shade the advantage of the situation. In order to have a full representation of opinion on the subject the following notice

has been sent during the week to every member of the State Central Committee:

"Dear Sir:—In view of the decision of the Supreme Court annulling the Stratton Primary Law, it has become imperative that the general State Central Committee of the party should be convened to issue a new call for a State Convention, that there may be no question hereafter as to the validity of nominations made. The Executive Committee have therefore directed a call for a meeting of the entire State Committee, to be held at Golden Gate Hall, 625 Sutter street, in this city, on Saturday, August 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M."

"Your attendance is urgently requested. If it is impossible for you to be present, wire or mail your proxy to some one here in whom you have confidence, or to these headquarters in blank."

## THE BOSSES ARE HAPPY.

The effect of the knocking out of the primary law has, of course, been very far-reaching from other standpoints than those of work, for there is no longer any question as to what it means in San Francisco, for example. As soon as the decree was announced last Saturday there was a jubilee meeting of the various bosses, for although even with the law in operation they were gradually working their way to power again, its removal from the statute books gives them clear sailing beyond dispute. Corresponding gloom exists at the headquarters of the various reform elements, for it is realized that not only has the law upon which they relied so much been given its coup de grace, but that it will be many years ere any other venturesome legislator takes upon himself the task of essaying another measure.

Senator Stratton, for instance, has thrown up the sponge altogether. He devoted the better portion of the four years of his term to studying primary legislation, and the two measures he presented represented much hard work. When the first one was knocked out he felt like abandoning the proposition altogether at that time, but so many requests poured in upon him from persons interested in the issue that he decided to give the subject one more trial. Upon the law introduced at the session of 1898 he had built all his hopes, and now that it, too, is gone, he feels that with the temper of the Supreme Court the way it is at present it is wasting time to make any more efforts in that direction.

Under the new, or rather the old conditions that are now to prevail in the metropolis, the boss system is undoubtedly about to return, though the Democratic manipulators are in such a state of disruption that at present there is no way of getting them to pull together. Mayor Phelan, the reform boss, stands alone, believing that he is in a position to do all the dictating. Sam Rainey, once his ally but now his bitter foe, is "betwixt and between," for through having tied up with Phelan he has lost many of his former lines; Chris Buckley in the background is actively at work plotting and planning some means by which he can be restored to power, while Gavin McNab, the latest Richmond in the field, is by an alliance with Frank Gould endeavoring to secure the peacock feathers for himself. Then there is ex-Governor Budd to be figured in the calculations, for since he has taken up residence in the metropolis he has identified himself with the various political maneuvers and by dint of the staunch support of such elements as those controlled by the Cluities, Harney, Metson and so forth, can always be regarded as a dangerous man for the others to buck up against.

On the Republican end of it, Crimmins and Kelly are to all intents and purposes supreme as far as bossism is concerned. They have not lost a minute nor an opportunity since their defeat of two years ago to climb up the ladder again, and the fact that, although most of the machinery was in the hands of the Grand Hotel people, they succeeded in capturing seventeen out of the eighteen district clubs, shows what good work they have been doing.

## COL. STONE FOR GOVERNOR.

Passing from the sphere of local politics to the broader realm of State issues, there is an important event to chronicle. It is that Col. George Stone, the chairman of the

Republican State Central Committee, is a candidate for Governor.

This will surprise a good many people, though that it should not be apparent after a review of the situation. It is surely plain enough that Col. Stone is politically ambitious. His association with the party machinery has long proved that, and of late he has been coming to the front with such a rapidity that it is not astonishing that he should now feel like reaching out for the Governor's chair. From a position in the Executive Committee of the last State Central Committee he was chosen as president of the National League of Republican Clubs and then came his election to his present honors, a circumstance that he feels paves the way for him to the Governor's office at Sacramento.

The road is not going to be an easy one by any means, though, for there are more prominent candidates on the scene at the present time than have aspired to gubernatorial honors for many years past. Dr. Pardee of Alameda county is, and has been, working in a way that stamps him as a formidable rival for any one while Senator Tom Flint is putting up the fight of his life this time. So enraptured is Flint in the proposition and so careful is he not to take any chances that he is even weighing seriously the advisability of running for the State Senate again this fall. His district is naturally a Democratic one, and it is only with the assistance of many votes from that party that he is able to carry it, so he now figures that if by any chance he lost there this year his gubernatorial aspirations would, of course, go a-sailing. Victory would, however, put more wind in his sails on account of the prestige a man gets every time he carries a district that naturally belongs to the opposition party and also because it would keep him in the public eye, a place it is necessary for him to occupy.

Senator Cutler, too, the secretary of the State Central Committee, thinks he sees a way to secure the executive laurels, and as when it comes down to doing politics he is as hard a man to beat as can be found in a day's march, the mere fact that he is in the race demands respect for his ambitions by the other candidates.

It is not an improbability, either, by any means that Attorney-General Ford will run up his battle flag when the right time comes, for he does not want to step out of the political harness and it is unprecedented here for a man to be elected twice as Attorney-General. In looking farther afield the capital prize of the Governorship naturally catches his eye, and it need surprise no one if he decides to go after it.

## GOVERNOR GAGE'S POSITION.

There is, however, a contingency that may compel all the candidates to change their plans, and that is if Governor Gage should decide to seek re-election. One thing can be put down as certain, and that is that at the end of his present term he will either be in the fight for United States Senator or the one for Governor. There are a few impediments in the way of the former goal, since Bard was returned to the Senate, owing to the likelihood of opposition to giving both the Senators to the Southern part of the State, but this obstacle is by no means an absolute one, for the response can be made that for many years Northern California had an exclusive monopoly of the places, at the time Hearst and Stanford were serving together it being practically a case of the two Senators coming from one town.

If, however, events should prove that Governor Gage would not be in a good position to control the legislative vote, there is little doubt that he will be before the people for his present position again. He will be in possession of strong forces, too, for bringing about the result, one of which will be that out-argued one of "geographical location." For example, if the Senatorship goes to the South he will get it, but if the Congressional prize is awarded to the North, any proposition to give both the Senator and Governor to the same locality will be fought. This will throw the Governorship to the South, which will give Gage the opportunity to gather it in, for he is the only candidate

from that section, and in any event could command the situation much better than any one else.

Judging by the way things are shaping themselves at present, the State campaign two years hence is going to be a singularly lively one, for with the Senatorial contest injected into it under conditions involving at least one of the leading gubernatorial candidates, it will take a whole lot of fine work on the part of those undertaking to map out the various results. That it is not a minute too early to start in right now is thoroughly appreciated by those concerned in the outcome, for way down low there is almost as much politics being done in that regard as in connection with the approaching Presidential election.

## HERE AND THERE.

Judge Lawlor has been passing the week in San Mateo county, being engaged in trying a case at Redwood City for Judge Buck.

Senator Stratton is at Monterey. He will remain there about ten days.

United States Marshal Shine leaves for Denver tonight in charge of a prisoner.

Congressman De Vries passed through town yesterday en route to New York, where he goes to assume his duties as General Appraiser.

Senator Tom Flint is in town.

Attorney Lamberson of Visalia, well known in political circles, is around the city.

Judge Bradley of Visalia is here on a visit.

Counselor J. E. McElroy of Oakland has returned quietly to his duties, the hero of an incident that he modestly declines to discuss himself, but details of which have reached town from another channel. It appears that while he was enjoying his vacation at Highland Springs a delegation from Moraga Valley visited him and requested that he be the orator of the day there on the Fourth of July. The counselor graciously consented, and when the eventual occasion arrived, burst in upon them in all the bewildering glory of a Porter collarless coat, a full dress vest, red shirt, knee breeches, golf stockings, low-necked shoes and a sailor cap.

Amidst the tumultuous applause of the multitudes he was introduced by the village poundmaster, and after the clamor had subsided proceeded to tell his auditors the history of his life showing how his early struggles had led up to the successes of his later career. So great a hit did the orator make that when he had concluded the Moragans unanimously elected him to preside over the race meeting to be held during the afternoon, and he was accordingly escorted with great pomp and ceremony to the scene of the festivities. There it was that the occasion offered that will forever endear him in the hearts of the people of that part of the State.

It was the third race of the day—a hundred yards dash for balky horses. The starter had been despairingly endeavoring for half an hour to get the six contestants to move when McElroy suddenly evolved the brilliant plan of putting a cartload of hay at the goal to be reached by the winner. The scheme worked like a charm, for as soon as the horses scented the hay they rushed blindly up the track and did not stop until they got within feeding range. Then it was that the catastrophe occurred. All attempts to remove them were in vain, and not until the last wisp of hay was disposed of would they consent to depart from the scene.

Who was to pay for the hay was the question that then arose. The man from whom it had been borrowed insisted upon being reimbursed, the owner of the horses disclaimed all liability, and then just as the wrangle was at its height Counselor McElroy, feeling that as it was his idea he was personally responsible for the consequences, arose and electrified the audience by declaring that he would foot the bill. It was a noble deed, especially as it meant cutting a week off his vacation, but even though he had to return to his office duties that much earlier he was more than compensated by the knowledge that the people of Moraga Valley would henceforth hold his memory green.

HATTON.

# King Humbert and the London Anarchist

THE TRIBUNE'S ASSOCIATED PRESS COPYRIGHTED LONDON LETTER.

(Copyright 1910 by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 4.—"The King's Evil" of George II. seemingly blunts all the Hanover blood. The death of the Queen's most accomplished son, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha—for he could lead an orchestra, play the violin, catch salmon with a Scotch expert or sail a ship—has caused much solemn talk at court about the maladies of other members of the royal house. Notwithstanding the denial issuing from Berlin, it is quite certain that Empress Frederick, the Queen's eldest and most beloved daughter, is afflicted with cancer and that great specialists consider her life a matter of months. She is too ill to leave the castle at Friedrichslohe, near Hamburg, for her customary summer visit to England. Queen Victoria, knowing her desire to possess an English home, gave her the White Lodge at Richmond last year, but she will probably never be able to occupy it.

Scotland Yard, in averring that Breese, the assassin of King Humbert, was never in England, is understood to allege that the instigator of the crime is probably a man who made no secret of his intentions concerning "high Italian personages." He was so closely watched while here that he departed for the United States and was last heard of in Paterson, N. J. King Humbert, during a private visit here in 1902, took extraordinary interest in the shams and in the anarchist haunts where had been planned Orsini's plot to kill Emperor Napoleon III with a bomb and the Czars' assassination. While visiting one anarchist resort His Majesty noticed a flaming picture, designed by the proprietor of the place, representing an anarchist hailing lawyers, churchmen, statesmen and capitalists into hades. The proprietor gave the King a copy of this picture, not knowing who his visitor was. The London editor of an Italian republican journal, who was standing by, suggested to the King's guide what a strong resemblance his friend bore to the King of Italy. His Majesty also visited at night several of the most wicked resorts in London, in cognio and accompanied by one companion.

## GORMAN MANAGING BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Announcement is made at Democratic State headquarters in this city that it has been practically decided to have the Eastern branch office building in the St. James building in this city. It is also said that Senator A. P. Gorman will share offices with Chairman Jones will be in and out of the New York branch of national headquarters, but it is understood, says the Journal-Advertiser, that the management of the campaign will be entirely in the hands of Senator Gorman. Senator Gorman will go to Saratoga, today, where he will remain for a considerable time. He expects to begin active

## BIG IMPORTS OF FOREIGN SUGAR.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Sugar importations at the port of New York for the first month of the fiscal year ending July 31 were \$5,500,000. Assistant Appraiser Nathan of the sugar division at the appraiser's stores said last night: "This shows an increase in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000 over the previous year. It is probably an account of the prices of the refined sugar in this country. The import of refined sugars from Holland and Russia have increased greatly, the reason I think, the suspension by

## STAGNATION IN WALL STREET.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Dullness of both stocks and bonds has been unrelieved during the past week. A large proportion of each day's dealings has been concentrated in three or four stocks, in which special developments have warranted a supposition of changing values, and have thus excited speculation. Sugar, Brooklyn Transit, Tobacco, Union Pacific and Baltimore & Ohio about exhausts the list of stocks in which deal-

## EDUCATION THAT PAYS.

Successful Graduates of the Polytechnic Business College. Out of ninety-seven recent graduates of this popular college seventy-seven have received positions. This is certainly a splendid showing and reflects great credit upon this favorite institution. Following is the list of those that have lately graduated: Claude Pugh, San Francisco; Frances Ludwig, Chicago, Ill.; Mary Trelease, Oakland; Agnes Farrell, Oakland; Frank

Morgan, San Francisco; Arthur Bowron, Santa Barbara; Edith Smith, Oakland; Dora Langley, Reno, Nevada; Robert Keegan, Fowler; Estella Johnson, Shingler; Edward C. Johnson, Oakland; Alfred Ziegler, Alameda; Albert Boscoe, Oakland; Mildred Foot, Oakland; Grace Price, San Francisco; Lottie Peterson, Oakland; Louella Squiera, Oakland; Chas. Hines, Oakland; Blanche Cook, Galt; Edith Hadley, San Francisco; Frank Rittigstein, Oakland; F. N. Winlund, Oakland; Grace Olney, Oakland; Geo. Weseman, Fowler; Hattie Wicker, Oakland; Mary Shipman, Hawaii; Minnie Lantry, Sutter Creek; Florence Rice, Oakland; Arthur Jenkins, Oakland; Emily Arlett, Oakland; Margaret Arnold, Alameda; Lillie Keller, Oakland; Walter Sutchell, Oakland; Estella M. Turner, Berkeley; Sofia Rutherford, Winnemucca, Nev.; Anna McIntosh, Oakland; Albert Wilson, Fort Bragg; Frank Brown, Bakersfield; Geo. Jackson, Solinas; Horace Johnson, Niles; Fred Van Meter, San Francisco; Susie Bradley, Oakland; M. H. Weed, Oakland; Anna

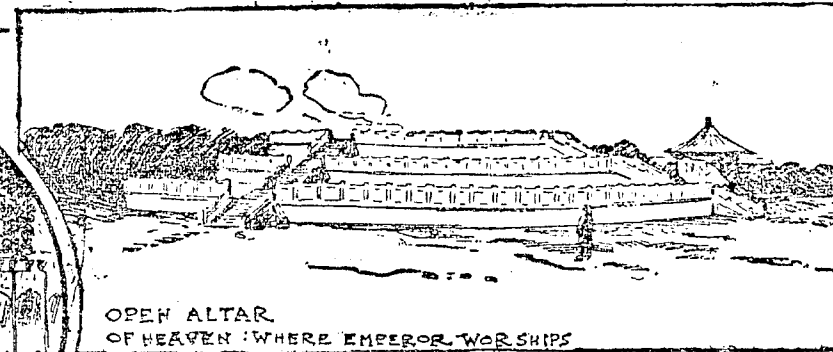
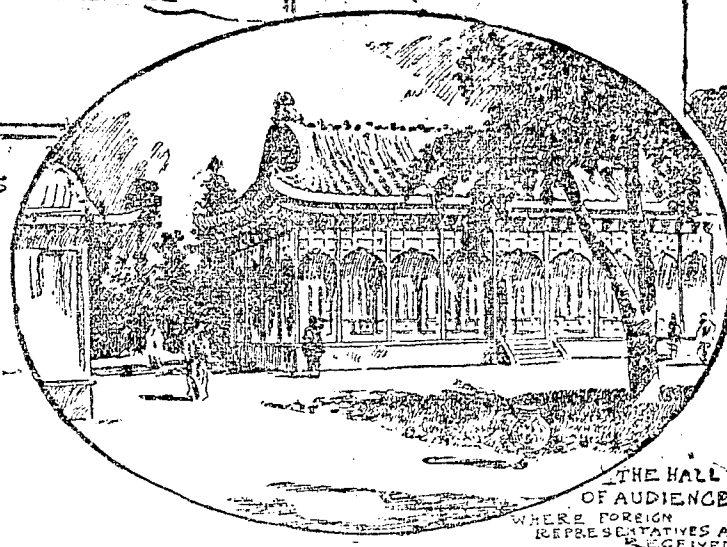
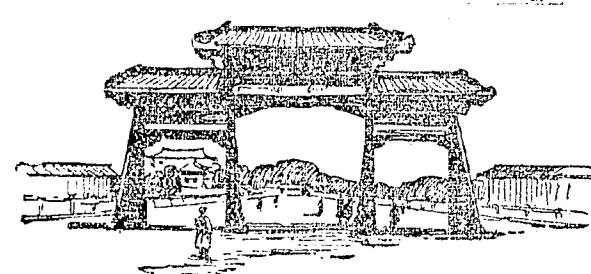
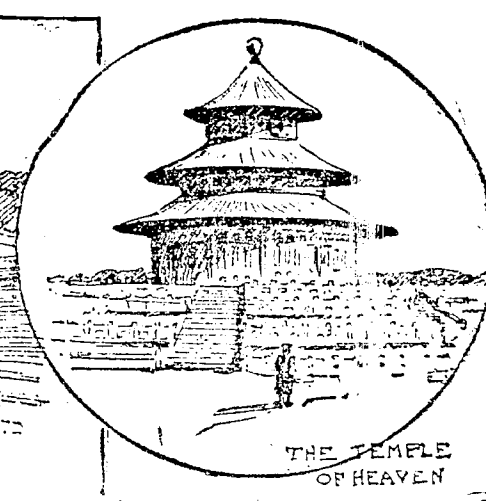
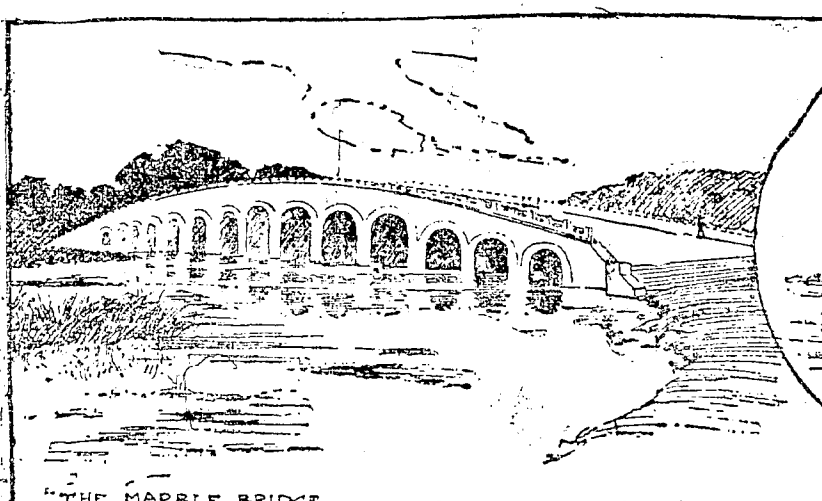
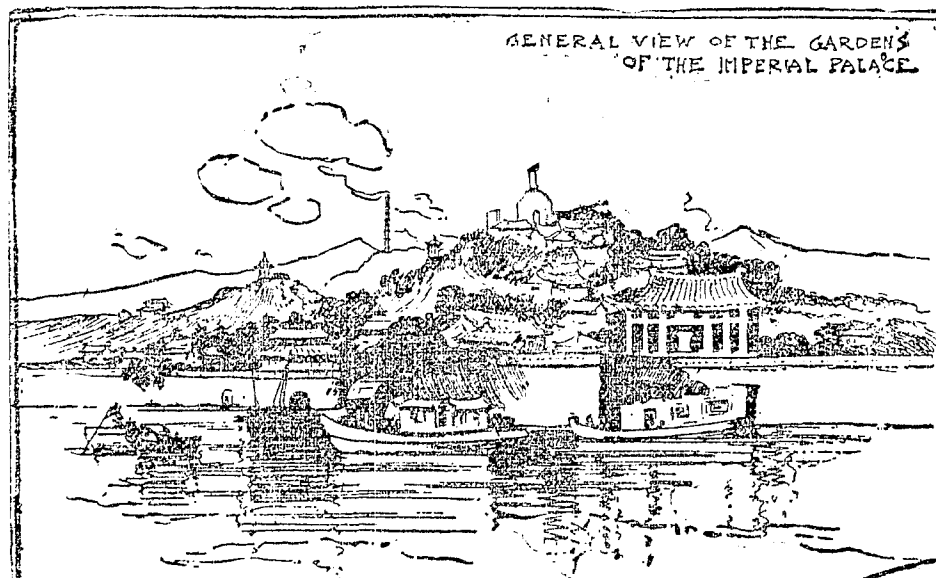
McGann, San Pablo; Alice M. Alden, Oakland; Grace Luck, Oakland; Isabel Rose, Berkeley; Adolph Peterson, Berkeley; Albert Wright, Cornwall; Etta Bridgman, Oakland; Ruth Brown, Hayward; Henry McBride, Oakland; Alice Kilbarr; Olive Keilbar; Cora Lefevre, Berkeley; Viola Berka, Berkeley; Josie Lemmon, Oakland; Ernest Harmon, Treka; Lottie M. Jones, Acampo; Theodora Rueland, Oakland; Wm. Shelby, Corvallis, Ore.; Chas. Johnson, Coquille, Ore.; H. E. Richardson, Chico; Wm. Adams, Sierraville; W. L. Nichols, Sierraville; Will Sweet, Nampa, Idaho; Winifred Humphrey, Sattley; Wanda Mesow, San Francisco; Hattie McKinzie, Oakland; Frederick May, Alameda; Blanche Sandell, Oakland; Elizabeth F. Helton, Alameda; Gertrude Follansbee, Oakland; Estella Steen, Oakland; Camille Humphrey, Sattley; Robert Edwards, Oakland; C. H. Beale, Alameda; E. D. Liddell, Oakland; Roy Bunker, Tesla, Cal.; Blanche Liddell, San Francisco; Annie Kuss, San Francisco; Edna Mae See E. R. Pratt, Ill and 513 Thirteenth

## JUST IMAGINE

A housewife drudging and toiling over an unsatisfactory cooking stove. An up-to-date range saves you lots of trouble and bother. They are never out of order. The best is "The Reliable" cooking range, always satisfactory. They are in so many ways better than other makes we can't name the numerous advantages they possess, but come in and we will explain every little detail to you. That will convince you of their superiority in so many respects you won't hesitate in admitting that you should have had one long ago. See E. R. Pratt, Ill and 513 Thirteenth street, near Washington.



# WHERE CHINA'S RULERS LIVE



The Chinese royal family are sumptuously housed. The Imperial Palace at Peking is only one of a number of magnificent residences erected by the Tartar

palace, with the exception of the hall of audience, where the foreign representations are received on state occasions.

Some idea of the richness and beauty of the interior decorations may be gathered from the treasures discovered in the Summer Palace of the Emperors when it was looted in 1860 by the French and English armies, before being destroyed. The soldiers found idols of solid gold and gold ornaments everywhere. The spoils secured on that occasion aggregated hundreds of thousands of dollars in value, to say nothing of the priceless tapestries and silk furnishings that were ruthlessly destroyed.

# The Australian Larrikin

For several reasons Australia may be regarded as the ideal abode of the hobo and the tramp or as the former is designated in the cities, the harrikin.

The harrikin, like the kangaroo, is peculiar to the Australian continent. In no other country, certainly not in the United States, would he even be permitted to exist. In appearance he is undersized, in stature, slight, with a thin and shaggy complexion, probably, owing to an early excessive use of cigarettes. His attire is unique and unmistakable. He wears a narrow brim felt hat on one side of his head, a short jacket reaching to the hips, pants very tight from the waist to the knee, but spreading out bell-shaped at ankles to the tips of his shoes. The latter are invariably worn peg topped with high heels.

His character he much resembles the harrikin. Singularly a desperate coward, but in packs or gangs, as he perambulates the sidewalks of Melbourne or Sydney, he is a most efficient and unflinching child and a menace to any one he fancies he can insult with impunity. He rarely does any work, and is never found out of the city.

The Australian tramp much resembles

## HOW TO SERVE FRUITS.

strawberries may be served with the hulls, but if they are bulked for the market, they must be handled so that the hulls will not get off just before serving them. When served with the hulls on, strawberries should be arranged in a pyramid, the edge of individual plants facing outward. Sprinkle the arrangement with powdered sugar in the center of each plate. When eating take them by the hulls, not the sugar and eat them from the hulls.

Raspberries and black berries do not require a hull, require washing. They must be washed in cold water and drained. Arrange, being soft, they are easily bruised. Arrange the raspberries on a flat glass plate, and the black berries in a small pyramid. One may sprinkle over such an arrangement of currant juice and serve them with powdered sugar.

Blackberries, if small, may be put in a flat dish or basket garnished with greens and passed just as one would serve peaches. They should be peeled before serving. The small apples may be served in the same way.

Cherries are palatable raw, but without sugar they are more digestible when cooked.

Peaches are more attractive when served in their own skins. Serve just at the point of ripeness, but not so over-ripened that they are over-soft and overchilled. This makes all fruit sour.

Grapes are daintier served in a flat, open basket, decorated with their own leaves.

Watermelons and cantaloupes are always best served simply chilled—not cold enough to be unpalatable and listless, but just out of warm—July.

—*Miss M. C. B. of Boston*

—*St. Louis Globe Journal*

# Most Beautiful Green in England



The new Queen of Italy enjoys the distinction of being the handsomest Queen in Europe. Nearly six feet in height, admirably proportioned, and with a face of Grecian regularity of outline, she presents a striking contrast to her husband, the new King. He is only about five feet tall, and has always been a weakling physically, though his mental endowments are said to be fairly good, and his character has never been assailed. The royal couple were married in 1856. They have no children.

## A Senator's Criticism at a Church Service.

One of the most capable men I ever knew is R. R. Hitt of Illinois, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. He has spent nearly his whole life in the practice of statesmanship. When a mere boy he reported stenographically the Lincoln-Seward debates, and in Hitt was born a literary and political education. Then he spent several years in office in Washington. For eight years he was secretary of legation in Paris under Elihu B. Washburne, and for much of that time was chargé d'affaires. He was assistant Secretary of State under Blaine. He has been ambassador to the United States six times in the delicate art of story telling. Not long ago in the cloakroom I was talking with him about Thomas Hart Benton, and he upon me told me an anecdote of Benton's most masterful antagonist, Senator James Stephen Green of Missouri.

"Senator Green," said Mr. Hitt, "was not only a man of splendid genius, but of two kinds of genius. He boasted of his knowledge of the French language, and at the National House, where he was popular with men and women. The latter found out that the Senator was not much of a church-goer and insisted that he should mend his ways in that regard. One Sunday he was late for dinner. The women asked him why."

"I have been attending divine worship," replied the Senator gravely.

"To what church do you go, Senator?" asked a woman.

"I don't know," answered the courtly Missourian.

"Who preached?" they asked.

"I don't know," he said, and looked up the avenue, turned up Fourth street, and entered a church on the left hand side. This was an Episcopal church.

"What service," like the service?" asked another woman.

"It appeared to me," answered the Senator, "that the service was a sermon, and the journal and too little debate."—Washington Correspondence St. Louis Free Dispatch.

**—A FAVORABLE TIME.**

"Bixby's wife is going to try the thirty-day starvation cure."

"Indeed. It will be a pretty dull time for her."

"Not at all. She's going to the Paris Exposition. She says she couldn't go at a time when it should cost her less,"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**IN FEATHERED SOCIETY.**

The grouse family pin their faith to "d-port" and "d-fer" as the pride of the plumbed grouse, or prairie bender. The flock prepare a regular dancing floor, where day after day the suitors gather to show their prowess and charms. And the bowing and courtesying, the fancy steps, the posturing, and the evolutions, in conjunction with the various noises they utter, rapidly making, are wonderful to see—and hear.

The bear leads of the grouse naturally comes in for a due share. The wooing scenes, the tippling, balancing, leaping among these birds the world over, are indescribably odd and entertaining.

And our own mocking bird, who at this season swells his anxious throat to be to ten birds in one.

Even the well-known "chirp" of the quail has a fancy for this exercise, and his star act, after much balancing to right and left and intricate steps, is a sudden leap over the head of his rival.

For the purely grotesque in the way of courtship we need only to look to some of the antics of the quail. The peafowl, for instance, who "pops" the tail, and, saying his head on the ground, and plowing his way toward the "beloved object," and then, with a sudden jerk, turns, and, starting her notice, and varying this program by rolling over and over. And the peccolai snipe, who wins his lady-love by puffing up his body and spreading his wings down before his breast like a big awkward bag.—Oliver Thorne Miller, in Harper's Bazar.

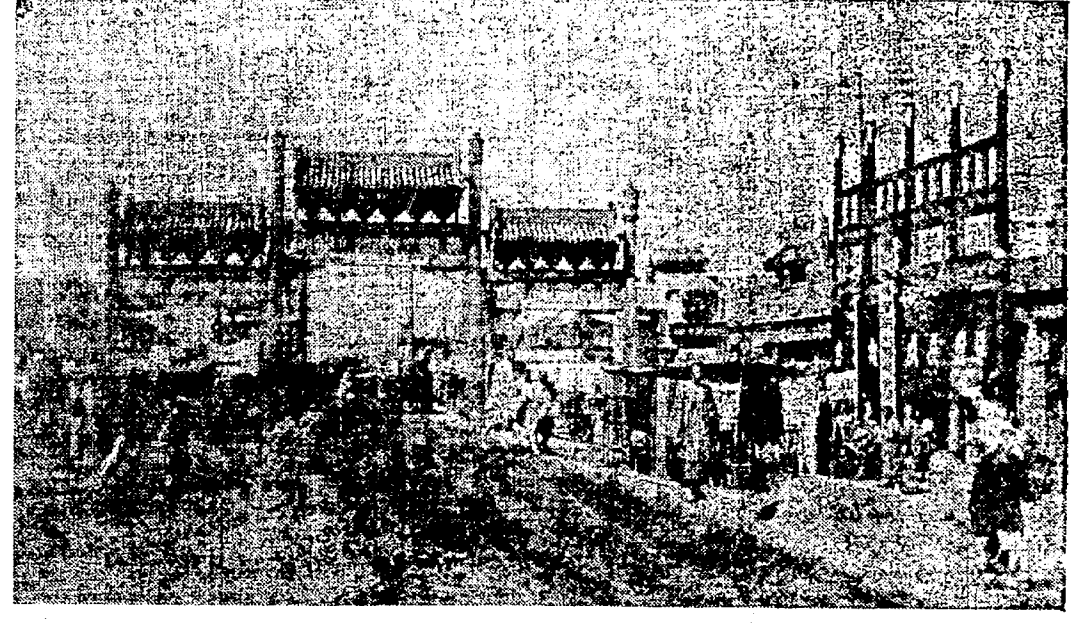
## View of One of the Destroyed Legations



ENTRANCE TO THE FRENCH LEGATION, PEKING.

The entrance to the French legation shown in the illustration would more properly be referred to in the past tense, as it was one of the first of the legations to be destroyed by the Boxers and Chinese troops. The buildings occupied by the Ministers at Peking were all handsome ones, and the official residence of the French representative was one of the finest in the foreign settlement. The Chinese admit that all the legations save the British building have been destroyed, and there is too much reason to fear that even that legation and its brave defenders have shared the fate of the others.

View of One of  
Peking's Streets



. STREET IN PEKING

Peking, the city on which thy eyes of the world are now centered, is, apart from the dramatic interest that just now attaches to it, the most interesting city in China. There it is that one must go to learn the real feeling of the Chinese make no attempt to disguise their feeling toward foreigners in time of peace. In the great trading ports, such as Canton and Shanghai, the natives, through long contact with foreigners, have learned to dissemble, and they veil their hatred of the "foreign devils" under a mask of Oriental impassiveness. But in Peking the populace, young and old, little and big, loves, and it behooves the foreigner to look warily about him when traveling. Peking's crowded and filthy streets.

A section of Peking known as the Forbidden City is set apart for the exclusive use of the royal family, and there no one, native or foreigner, is allowed to enter except the guards and servants of the empire's rulers.











